

Ref: KIPCO/DGCEO 29/23 dated March 23, 2023.

Boursa Kuwait Company

KUWAIT

السادة/ شركة بورصة الكويت المعترمين دولة الكويت

الموضوع: نتائج اجتماع مجلس إدارة شركة كيبكو

عملاً بأحكام الفصل الرابع من الكتاب العاشر (الإفصاح والشفافية) من اللائحة التنفيذية للقانون رقم (7) لسنة 2010 المعدل بموجب القانون رقم (22) لسنة 2015 بشأن انشاء هيئة اسواق المال وتنظيم نشاط الاوراق المالية وتعديلاته.

نفيدكم علما بان مجلس الإدارة قد عقد اجتماعه بتاريخ 23 مارس 2023 في تمام الساعة الواحدة والنصف ظهرا وقد تمت مناقشة واعتماد البيانات المالية المجمعة للعام 2022، تجدون مرفق طيه النموذج الخاص بالبيانات المالية السنوية المنتهية في 31 ديسمبر 2022 مع تقرير مراقب الحسابات.

وعملاً بمتطلبات قواعد البورصة الصادرة بموجب القرار رقم (1) لسنة 2018، وحيث انه تم تصنيف كيبكو ضمن "السوق الأول" من قبل شركة بورصة الكويت، فإنه يسرنا الإعلان عن مؤتمر المحللين/المستثمرين والذي تقرر انعقاده عن طريق البث المباشر لمكالمة هاتفية جماعية (Live Conference Call) في تمام الساعة الثانية (وفقاً للتوقيت المحلي) من بعد ظهر يوم الخميس الموافق 30 مارس 2023، ويرجى من الأطراف المعنية زيارة قسم علاقات المستثمرين في موقعنا الالكتروني www.kipco.com و ذلك خلال البريد الالكتروني التالي: kipco.ir@kipco.com وذلك لتزويدهم بتفاصيل المشاركة بالمؤتمر.

Subject: Results of KIPCO's Board of Directors meeting

As per regulations of the fourth chapter from module ten "Disclosure & Transparency" of the executive bylaws of Law No. (7) of 2010, amended by Law No. (22) of 2015 on the establishment of the Capital Market Authority and the regulation of securities activity and its amendments.

We are pleased to inform you that the Board of Directors held its meeting on 23 March 2023 at 1:30 pm where it has discussed and approved consolidated financial statements of 2022. Also, please find enclosed the annual financial statements form for the year ended 31 December 2022 along with auditor report.

Pursuant to the requirements of Boursa Kuwait rulebook issued under resolution (1) 2018 and since KIPCO has been classified within the 'Premier Market", KIPCO is glad to announce that the analyst conference will be conducted on Thursday 30 March 2023 at 2:00 p.m. local time through a conference call. Interested parties may visit our website www.kipco.com under Investor Relations page for instructions on how to participate in the conference call or contact KIPCO via email: kipco.ir@kipco.com.

Sincerely,

وتفضلوا بقبول فائق الاحترام ،،



Samer Khanachet
Deputy Group Chief Executive Officer

سامرخنشت نائب الرئيس التنفيذي للمجموعة

رأس المال المصرّح به والمصدر والمدفوع 504,847,626.900 دينار كويتي

Tel: Fax: Email: 180 5885 +965 2294 3499 kipco@kipco.com www.kipco.com هاتف؛ فاكس: إيميل:

إنترنت:

KIPCO Tower Sharq, Kuwait City P.O. Box 23982 Safat 13100 Kuwait برج كيبكو الشرق، مدينة الكويت ص.ب. 23982 الصفاة 13100 الكويت



Financial Results Form Kuwaiti Company (KWD)

نموذج نتائج البيانات المالية الشركات الكوبتية (د.ك.)

Company Name	اسم الشركة
Kuwait Projects Company (Holding) K.S.C.P.	شركة مشاريع الكويت (القابضة) ش.م.ك.ع

Financial Year Ended on	2022-12-31	نتائج السنة المالية المنتهية في
Board of Directors Meeting Date	2023-03-23	تاريخ اجتماع مجلس الإدارة

Required Documents	المستندات الواجب إرفاقها بالنموذج
Approved financial statements. Approved auditor's report This form shall not be deemed to be complete unless the documents mentioned above are provided	نسخة من البيانات المالية المعتمدة نسخة من تقرير مراقب الحسابات المعتمد لا يعتبر هذا النموذج مكتملاً ما لم يتم وإرفاق هذه المستندات

		السنة الحالية	السنة المقارنة	التغيير (%)
لبيان		Current Year	Comparative Year	Change (%)
	Statement		2021-12-31	
صافی الربح (الخسارة) الخاص بمساهعی النا represents the amount (the owners of the parent	Net Profit (Loss)	25,154,000	17,455,000	44%
يحية (خسارة) السهم الأساسية والمخففة Earnings per Share	or see the estimate	6.9	6.0	15%
لموجودات المتداولة	Current Assets	6,198,323,000	5,059,764,000	23%
جمالي الموجودات	Total Assets	11,423,326,000	10,190,160,000	12%
لمطلوبات المتداولة es	Current Liabilitie	7,201,781,000	6,891,589,000	5%
جمالي المطلوبات	Total Liabilities	9,836,432,000	9,155,668,000	7%
جمالي حقوق الملكية الخاصة بمساهعي النا ributable to the owners of apany	, , , , , ,	590,523,000	325,793,000	81%
جمالي الإيرادات التشغيلية Revenue	Total Operating	1,062,601,000	721,460,000	47%
صافي الربع (الخسارة) التشغيلية Profit (Loss)	Net Operating Pr	317,403,000	134,274,000	136%
لخسائر المتراكمة / رأس المال المدفوع oss / Paid-Up Share Capital	Accumulated Los	لا يوجد خسائر متر اكمة/ No Accumulated losses	No لا يوجد خسائر متر اكمة/ Accumulated losses	NA



التغيير (%)	الربع الرابع المقارن	الربع الرابع الحالي	
Change (%)	Fourth quarter Comparative Year	Fourth quarter Current Year	البيان Statement
	2021-12-31	2022-12-31	
298%	(9,719,000)	19,283,000	صافي الربح (الخسارة) الخاص بمساهمي الشركة الأم Net Profit (Loss) represents the amount attributable to the owners of the parent Company
203%	(6.0)	6.2	ربحية (خسارة) السهم الأساسية والمخففة Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share
215%	176,198,000	555,243,000	إجمالي الإيرادات التشغيلية Total Operating Revenue
727%	31,298,000	258,946,000	صافي الربح (الخسارة) التشغيلية Net Operating Profit (Loss)

Not Applicable for first Quarter

• لا ينطبق على الربع الأول

Increase/Decrease in Net Profit (Loss) is due to	سبب ارتفاع/انخفاض صافي الربح (الخسارة)
The increase in the profit for the year ended 31/12/2022 compared to the previous year ended 31/12/2021 is mainly driven by the positive results of group's financial & industrial sectors in addition to the gain on bargain purchase as a result of the QPIC merger, offset mainly by the increase in provision for impairment of investments.	يعود سبب الارتفاع في ربح السنة المالية المنتهية في 2022/12/31 مقارنة بالسنة المالية المنتهية في 2021/12/31 بشكل رئيسي الى النتائج الإيجابية لشركات المجموعة تحديداً في القطاع البنكي والقطاع الصناعي بالإضافة الى ربح الشراء نتيجة لعملية الاندماج مع شركة القربن للكيماوبات البترولية بقابلها تسجيل زبادة في مخصصات انخفاض قيمة استثمارات.

Total Revenue realized from dealing with related parties (value, KWD)	12,984,000	بلغ إجمالي الإيرادات من التعاملات مع الأطراف ذات الصلة (المبلغ د.ك.)
Total Expenditures incurred from dealing with related parties (value, KWD)	28,946,000	بلغ إجمالي المصروفات من التعاملات مع الأطراف ذات الصلة (المبلغ د.ك.)

Au	ditor Opinion		مر اقب العسابات	رأي
1.	Unqualified Opinion	⊠	رأي غير متحفظ	.1
2.	Qualified Opinion		رأي متحفظ	.2
3.	Disclaimer of Opinion		عدم إبداء الرأي	.3
4.	Adverse Opinion		رأي معاكس	.4

In the event of selecting item No. 2, 3 or 4, the following table must be filled out, and this form is not considered complete unless it is filled.

بحال اختيار بند رقم 2 أو 3 أو 4 يجب تعبئة الجدول التالي، ولا يعتبر هذا النموذج مكتملاً ما لم يتم تعبئته



Not Applicable / لا ينطبق	نص رأي مر اقب الحسابات كما ورد في
	التقرير
	شرح تفصيلي
	بالحالة التي
Not Applicable / لا ينطبق	استدعت مراقب
	الحسابات لإبداء
	الرأي
	الخطوات التي
Not Applicable / لا ينطبق	ستقوم بها الشركة
a first a first to the first to	لمعالجة ما ورد في رأي
	مر اقب الحسابات
	الجدول الزمني
Not Applicable / لا ينطبق	لتنفيذ الخطوات
	لمعالجة ما ورد في رأي
	مر اقب الحسابات



orate Actions				(الإجراءات المؤسسية)	استحقاقات الاسهم
النسبة		القيمة			
None / لا يوجد	None / لا يوجد		Cash Dividends	توزيعات نقدية	
None / لا يوجد	None / لا يوجد		Bonus Share	توزيعات أسهم منحة	
None / لا يوجد	None / لا يوجد		Other Dividend	توزيعات أخرى	
None / لا يوجد		None / لا يوجد		No Dividends	عدم توزيع أرباح
None / لا يوجد	None / لا يوجد	علاوة الإصدار	None / لا يوجد		زيادة رأس المال
١١٥١١٠ / ۵ يوجد	عارب الم يوجد	Issue Premium	۲ ۱۱۵۱۱۰ م پوجد	Capital Increase	
None / لا يوجد	None / لا يوجد		Capital Decrease	تخفيض رأس المال	

ختم الشركة	التوقيع	المسمى الوظيفي	الاسم
Company Seal	Signature	Title	Name
كبيكو KIPCO شرخة مشاريع الكويت (القابضة (wait Projects Company (Halding)	0 100	Group Chief Executive Officer and Board Member الرئيس التنفيذي للمجموعة و عضو مجلس الادارة	Sheikha Dana Nasser Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah الشيخة ادانا ناصر صباح الأحمد الصباح



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Shareholders Kuwait Projects Company Holding K.S.C.P. State of Kuwait

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Kuwait Projects Company Holding K.S.C.P

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Kuwait Projects Company Holding K.S.C.P. (the "Parent Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of cash flows and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide the basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.



Expected credit losses (ECL) on loans and advances

Loans and advances of the Group's commercial banking subsidiaries represent a significant part of the total assets. Recognition of ECL under IFRS 9 is a complex process which requires considerable judgement in its application. ECL is dependent on management's judgement in assessing significant increase in credit risk at the reporting date as compared to the credit risk on the date of initial recognition, and determining when a default has occurred for classification of credit facilities into various stages. Furthermore, the Group assesses the probability of default of customers by use of forward looking information and estimating cash flows from recovery procedures or realization of collateral after appropriate haircuts.

Due to the significance of credit facilities, the related estimation uncertainty and judgements applied and the Group's exposure to loans and advances forming a major portion of the Group's assets, ECL on loans and advances is considered as a key audit matter.

As part of our audit of the commercial banking subsidiaries, we carried out the following procedures:

- Gained an understanding of the Group's key credit processes comprising granting, booking, monitoring and provisioning, and testing the key controls over these processes;
- Obtained the understanding of the design and tested the relevant controls over ECL model, including model build and approval, ongoing monitoring / validation, model governance and arithmetical accuracy. We also checked completeness and accuracy of the data used and the reasonableness of the management assumptions;
- Understood and assessed the significant modeling assumptions for exposures as well as overlays with a focus on:
 - Key modeling assumptions adopted by the Group; and
 - Basis for and data used to determine overlays.

Assessed:

- the Group's IFRS 9 based impairment provisioning policy including significant increase in credit risk criteria with the requirements of IFRS 9;
- the Group's ECL modelling techniques and methodology against the requirements of IFRS 9; and
- the soundness of the Group's loan grading processes and mathematical integrity of the models.



Expected credit losses (ECL) on loans and advances (continued)

- For a sample of exposures, we performed procedures to evaluate:
 - The appropriateness of exposure at default, probability of default and loss given default (including collateral values used) in the calculation of ECL under IFRS 9;
 - The appropriateness of the Group's staging criteria, exposure at Default ("EAD") Probability of Default ("PD") and Loss Given Default ("LGD") including the eligibility and value of collateral considered in the ECL models used by the Group and the overlays considered by the management in order to determine ECL.
 - Timely identification of exposures with a significant increase in credit risk and appropriateness of the Group's staging; and
 - The ECL calculation.
- For forward looking information used by the Group's management in its ECL calculations, we held
 discussions with management and checked internal approvals by management for the economic outlook
 used for purposes of calculating ECL.

We further considered the adequacy of the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in relation to impairment of loans and advances as required under IFRS 9. Refer to the significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions, disclosures and risk management objectives and policies of loans and advances in Notes 2.6, 5 and 29.2 of the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Impairment testing of investment in associates

The Group has interests in number of associates which are significant to the Group's consolidated financial statements. The Group's carrying value of its investments in Gulf Insurance Group K.S.C.P. ("GIG") and Advanced Technology Company K.S.C.P ("ATC") are significantly higher than the proportion of equity attributable to Group's ownership interest in these associates. The investment in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and considered for impairment in case of indication of impairment. Significant management judgement is required in determining whether there are any indications of impairment and in estimating the recoverable amounts of the investment in associates based on the value in use. Accordingly, we considered this as a key audit matter.

We carried out procedures to understand management's process for identifying impairment triggers such as significant adverse changes in the technological, market, economic, or legal environment in which the investee operates, structural changes in the industry in which the investee operates, changes in the political or legal environment affecting the investee's business and changes in the investee's financial condition. Our audit procedures included, amongst others, assessing the appropriateness of the recoverable amounts determined by management and the methods used.

We also assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosure in Note 9 of the accompanying consolidated financial statements.



Impairment testing of goodwill and intangible assets

Impairment testing of goodwill and intangible assets performed by the management was significant to our audit because the assessment of the recoverable amount of goodwill and intangible assets under the value-in-use basis is complex and requires considerable judgment on the part of management. Estimates of future cash flows are based on management's views of variables such as the interest margins, discount rates, market share assumptions, projected growth rates and economic conditions such as the economic growth and expected inflation rates. We considered this area to be a key audit matter.

As part of our audit procedures, we assessed the knowledge and expertise of the management of the Group to perform such valuations and obtained management's impairment calculations and key assumptions, including profit forecasts and basis of selection of growth rates and discount rates.

- We involved our valuation experts to assist us in evaluating the appropriateness of the valuation model and testing key assumptions used in the impairment analysis, such as the discount rate and terminal growth rate.
- We reviewed the sensitivity analysis performed by management around key assumptions noted above and
 the outcomes of the assessment. Future cash flow assumptions were also reviewed through comparison to
 current trading performance considering the historical consistency and the understanding of the reasons
 for growth profiles used.

Furthermore, we assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures included in Note 11 of the accompanying consolidated financial statements related to those assumptions. The Group's policy on impairment testing is disclosed in Note 2.5 of the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Valuation of investment properties

Investment properties are significant to the Group's consolidated financial statements. The management determines the fair value of its investment properties and uses external appraisers to support the valuation. The valuation of the investment properties at fair value is highly dependent on estimates and assumptions, such as average net initial yield, reversionary yield, inflation rate, vacancy rates, growth in rental rates, market knowledge and historical transactions. The disclosures relating to the inputs are relevant, given the estimation uncertainty involved in these valuations.

Given the size, complexity and significance of the valuation of investment properties and the importance of the disclosures relating to the assumptions used in the valuation, we considered this as a key audit matter.



<u>Valuation of investment properties (continued)</u>

We carried out the following audit procedures:

- We considered the methodology and the appropriateness of the valuation models and inputs used to value the investment properties.
- We tested the inputs and assumptions made by management of the Group and the appropriateness of the properties' related data supporting the external appraisers' valuations.
- We performed procedures for areas of risk and estimation. This included, where relevant, comparison of judgments made to current market practices and challenging the valuations on a sample basis.
- We considered the objectivity, independence and expertise of the external real estate appraisers.
- We further evaluated the management's sensitivity analysis to ascertain the impact of reasonably possible
 changes to key assumptions on the fair value of investment properties. We also assessed the adequacy of
 the disclosures relating to the assumptions and sensitivity of such assumptions in Note 10 of the
 accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Purchase Price Allocation (PPA)

As disclosed in Note 3(a) of the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Group concluded the Purchase Price Allocation ("PPA") of its business combination to merge by amalgamation, Qurain Petrochemical Industries Company ("QPIC"), an associate of the Group with an ownership holding of 29.53% through one of its subsidiaries, Kuwait National Industrial Projects Company K.S.C. (Closed) ("KNIP"). The purchase consideration for the merger represented by the fair value of shares issued by the Parent Company to the shareholders of QPIC, based on a swap ratio, was allocated to the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities (collectively "Net Assets") acquired at their respective fair values at the date of acquisition, including identifiable intangible assets such as customer relationships, trade name and order backlogs amounting to a total of KD 336,346 thousand, with the excess of fair value of Net Assets over purchase consideration amounting to KD 307,255 thousand recorded as gain on bargain purchase.

The PPA was performed by the management through an external expert and which required a significant amount of management estimation, particularly in relation to the identification and valuation of intangible assets and assignment of their useful lives, and also in the estimation of future cash flows which were based on the views of the management on variables such as growth rates, discount rates, economic conditions, such as economic growth and expected inflation rates.

We identified this area as a key audit matter due to the significance of the acquisition to the Group's consolidated financial statements, the inherent complexities in accounting for business acquisition, and the judgement applied by the management in identifying and determining the fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired, including the separately identifiable intangible assets.



<u>Purchase Price Allocation (PPA)(continued)</u>

Our audit procedures included, amongst others:

- Assessing the professional competence of the external experts, assessing the appropriateness and completeness of the intangible assets identified by the management.
- Assessing the appropriateness of the valuation model used, evaluating the key inputs and assumptions
 used in the valuation and involving our internal valuation specialists in evaluating the methodologies and
 key assumptions, including the discount rates, used in the valuation of the assets and liabilities acquired.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of the related disclosures provided in Note 3(a) of the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Other information included in the Group's 2022 Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information consists of the information included in the Group's 2022 Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. We obtained the report of the Parent Company's Board of Directors prior to the date of our auditors' report, and we expect to obtain the remaining sections of the Annual Report after the date of our auditors' report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Charged with Governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with Those Charged with Governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

We also provide Those Charged with Governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with Those Charged with Governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Furthermore, in our opinion proper books of account have been kept by the Parent Company and the consolidated financial statements included in the report of the Parent Company's Board of Directors relating to these consolidated financial statements are in accordance therewith. We further report that we obtained all the information and explanations that we required for the purpose of our audit and that the consolidated financial statements incorporate all information that is required by the Companies Law No. 1 of 2016, as amended, and its executive regulations, as amended, and by the Parent Company's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended; that an inventory was duly carried out; and that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no violations of the Companies Law No. 1 of 2016, as amended, and its executive regulations, as amended, or of the Parent Company's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended, have occurred during the year ended 31 December 2022, that might have had a material effect on the business of the Parent Company or on its financial position.

We further report that, during the course of our audit, we have not become aware of any violations of the provisions of Law No. 7 of 2010 concerning the Capital Markets Authority and its related regulations during the year ended 31 December 2022 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Parent Company or on its financial position.

State of Kuwait 23 March 2023

Dr. Shuaib A. Shuaib License No. 33-A RSM Albazie & Co.

Kuwait Projects Company Holding K.S.C.P. and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 KD 000's	(Restated) * 2021 KD 000's
ASSETS			
Cash in hand and at banks	4	1,376,029	1,296,911
Treasury bills, bonds and other debt securities		815,185	584,227
Loans and advances	5	4,913,260	4,791,444
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	269,194	266,945
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	_		
("FVOCI")	7	712,617	420,547
Other assets	8	1,138,631	930,774
Properties held for trading	0	87,680	120,817
Investment in associates	9	289,899	356,234
Investment properties	10	484,193	487,722
Property, plant and equipment	1.1	612,121	378,193
Intangible assets	11	724,517	556,346
TOTAL ASSETS		11,423,326	10,190,160
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Due to banks and other financial institutions		1,278,038	1,230,089
Deposits from customers		5,159,413	5,198,902
Loans payable	12	1,323,353	922,103
Bonds	13	494,867	433,826
Medium term notes	14	456,258	450,113
Other liabilities	15	1,124,503	920,635
Total liabilities		9,836,432	9,155,668
Equity			
Share capital	16	504,848	264,000
Share premium	16	68,913	68,913
Treasury shares	16	(123,605)	(95,258)
Statutory reserve	16	110,077	107,562
Voluntary reserve	16	76,546	76,546
Cumulative changes in fair values		(24,212)	(10,544)
Revaluation surplus	2.5	23,411	24,526
Foreign currency translation reserve		(138,913)	(140,955)
Employee stock option plan reserve	17	822	1,367
Other reserve		2,763	(18,254)
Retained earnings		89,873	47,890
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company		590,523	325,793
Perpetual capital securities	16	153,332	153,332
Non-controlling interest		843,039	555,367
Total equity		1,586,894	1,034,492
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		11,423,326	10,190,160

Sheikha Dana Nasser Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah Group Chief Executive Officer and Board Member

The attached notes 1 to 31 form part of these consolidated financial statements.

^{*} Certain amounts shown here do not correspond to the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2021 and reflect adjustments made as detailed in Note 2.8.

Kuwait Projects Company Holding K.S.C.P. and Subsidiaries

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2022

For the year ended 31 December 2022			
			(Restated) *
		2022	2021
	Notes	KD 000's	KD 000's
Continuing operations: Income:			
Interest income		381,732	306,556
Investment income	19	282,617	63,254
Fees and commission income	20	71,125	62,985
Share of results of associates	20	34,600	42,983
Energy income		11,713	594
Industrial and logistics income		73,123	7,297
Media and digital satellite network services income		82,787	97,526
Hospitality and real estate income		89,330	88,181
Other income		25,249	35,659
Foreign exchange gain		10,325	16,425
		1,062,601	721,460
Expenses:			
Interest expense		274,052	210,116
Energy expenses		9,380	542
Industrial and logistics expenses		59,790	5,571
Media and digital satellite network services expenses		93,058	99,472
Hospitality and real estate expenses		62,546	65,644
General and administrative expenses	21	213,271	177,516
Depreciation and amortization		33,101	28,325
		745,198	587,186
Operating profit from continuing operations before provisions and			
Directors' remuneration		317,403	134,274
Provision for credit losses	5&26	(34,188)	(74,169)
Provision for impairment of other financial and non-financial assets	28	(210,979)	(30,905)
Net monetary loss	2.7	(24,597)	-
Board of Directors' remuneration	24	-	(220)
Profit from continuing operations before taxation		47,639	28,980
Taxation	22	(31,055)	(9,357)
Profit for the year from continuing operations		16,584	19,623
Discontinued operations:			4.00=
Profit from discontinued operation			1,997
Profit for the year		16,584	21,620
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Parent Company		25,154	17,455
Non-controlling interest		(8,570)	4,165
		16,584	21,620
		Fils	Fils
EARNINGS PER SHARE:	22		
Basic and diluted- attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company	23	6.9	6.0
EARNINGS PER SHARE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS:			
Basic and diluted- attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company	23	6.9	5.4

^{*} Certain amounts shown here do not correspond to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 and reflect adjustments made as detailed in Note 2.8.